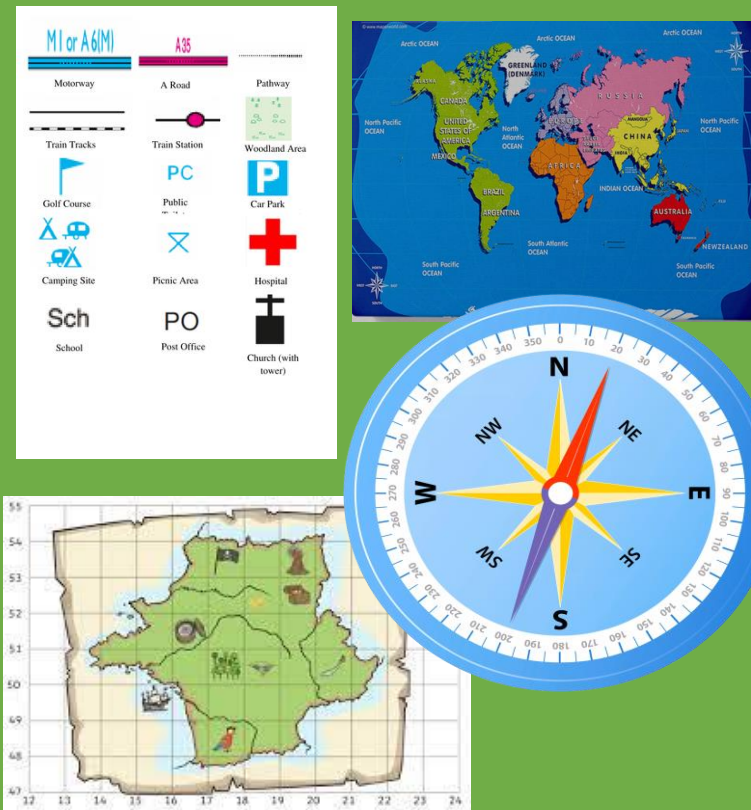


Maps and Mapping Year 2 Geography

National Curriculum

- Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans
- Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage.
- Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.
- Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.
- Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the key human and physical features of the surrounding environment.

Images



Vocabulary

Map
Compass
Atlas
Bird's eye view
Continent
Capital city
Border
Ocean
Landmarks
Key
Co-ordinates
Grid reference

Key Learning

- 1** **What is a bird's eye view?** Maps are created by looking down on the Earth from up above. This is called a bird's eye view. Places look different from above - we can look on Google Earth to see different places around the world from the sky.
- 2** **How many continents and oceans are there on Earth?** There are seven continents on Earth; Europe, Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica and Oceania (Australia)
There are five oceans; the Atlantic, the Pacific, the Arctic, the Indian and the Southern.
- 3** **What continent do we live on and which countries are nearby?** The United Kingdom is part of Europe. England's capital city, where the government work, is London. We are close to France whose capital is Paris, Spain whose capital is Madrid, Italy whose capital is Rome and Germany whose capital is Berlin.
- 4** **What is a grid reference?** Maps are drawn to scale so that we know how big places are or how far away they are. Maps are divided into squares by numbered lines going from one side to the other and from top to bottom to make it easier to find places quickly. The index at the back of an atlas has grid references for different places.
- 5** **What are map symbols?** Symbols are small pictures that stand for different features on a map, for example churches, campsites, forests or roads.
- 6** **Using maps** - maps are always drawn with North at the top. We use Ordnance Survey maps when we go for walks, or road maps to help us drive somewhere. There are keys to help us identify different types of roads or tracks and different geographical features.